(d) The recommendations need to be examined before any action can be taken by the Government thereon.

(e) In the recent past, with the easing of inflationary pressures combined with tightening of liquidity following the global financial crisis, the RBI has reduced the CRR and Repo Rates in several stages.

Performance of loan waiver scheme

†612. SHRI SATYAVRAT CHATURVEDI:
SHRI MOTILAL VORA:
Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government had announced a loan waiver of Rs. 73,000 crores to bail out the farmers during the Budget Session;

(b) the names of the States and the number of farmers whose loans have been waived off till 30th September, 2008;

(c) whether Government has received complaints to this effect on being asked information of loan waiver etc. by farmers, banks situated in rural areas neither give proper information nor inform them as to whether loans taken by them come under the loan waiver scheme or not; and

(d) whether Government would redirect the banks located in rural areas in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL): (a) The Government announced the Agricultural Debt Waiver and Debt Relief Scheme (ADWDRS), 2008 in the Union budget 2008-09, which was estimated to cost Rs. 60,000. crore. Subsequently, the Guidelines of ADWDRS were issued which broadened the scope of the Scheme and the total unaudited cost was estimated at Rs. 71,680 crore. The final figures will be available after the Statutory Audit of the lending institutions.

(b) The State-wise details of farmer beneficiaries under ADWDRS is at the Statement. (*See* below)

(c) and (d) As provided in the Guidelines of ADWDRS, every lending institution has appointed one or more Grievance Redressal Officers (GROs) for each State (having regard to the number of branches in that State). The name and address of the GRO concerned have been displayed in each branch of the lending institution. The GRO has the authority to receive representations from aggrieved farmers and pass appropriate orders thereon.

The GROs have so far received 1,45,000 complaints out of which 1,18,853 have been disposed of. It is also informed that all the Public Sector Banks have displayed the ADWDRS data on their respective websites. Further, 77 Regional Rural Banks too have displayed the ADWDRS data on the website of NABARD.

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi

Statement

Details of farmer beneficieries under Agricultural Debt Waiver and Debt Relief Scheme, 2008

State-wise figures (provisional)

(Rs. in crore)

Sl.No.	Name of the State	Total Farmers covered			Total eligible
		SF/MF	OF	Total	Waiver/Relief
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Andhra Pradesh	6646198	1109029	7755227	11353.71
2	Assam	319546	18146	337692	405.51
3	Arunachal Pradesh	10775	1241	12016	20.47
4	Bihar	1662971	94548	1757519	3158.90
5	Chhattisgarh	493828	201119	694947	701.28
6	Delhi	1324	388	1712	7.36
7	Gujarat	576137	410605	986742	2395.32
8	Goa	1592	768	2360	5.58
9	Haryana	527490	357612	885102	2648.73
10	Himachal Pradesh	114997	4794	119791	273.82
11	Jammu & Kashmir	47449	3081	50530	97.06
12	Jharkhand	639187	27239	666426	789.60
13	Karnataka	1171983	555360	1727343	4020.29
14	Kerala	1390546	40192	1430738	2962.97
15	Madhya Pradesh	1715624	659202	2374826	4203.25
16	Maharashtra	3023000	1225000	4248000	8951.33
17	Meghalaya	40885	2129	43014	77.94
18	Mizoram	18699	1641	20340	34.22
19	Manipur	56670	1393	58063	57.49
20	Nagaland	12623	2290	14913	22.39
21	Orissa	2377022	135935	2512957	3277.75
22	Punjab	227416	193862	421278	1222.91
23	Rajasthan	1111821	732765	1844586	3795.78
24	Sikkim	7140	651	7791	13.39
25	Tamil Nadu	1427280	328206	1755486	3365.39

1	2	3	4	5	6
26	Tripura	60502	1101	61603	97.09
27	Uttar Pradesh	4794348	621693	5416041	9095.11
28	Uttarakhand	154962	18733	173695	317.65
29	West Bengal	1445743	16590	1462333	1882.27
30	Andman & Nicobar	1537	958	2495	1.96
31	Chandigarh	148	79	227	1.35
32	Dadar & Nagar Haveli	351	137	488	0.69
33	Daman & Diu	65	38	103	0.15
34	Lakshadweep	130	2	132	0.25
35	Puducherry	26247	5055	31302	59.37
	TOTAL :	30106236	6771582	36877818	65318.33

Issuance of caution notice by Dena Bank

1613. SHRI BHARATKUMAR RAUT: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Dena Bank has issued 'caution notice' for recovery of loan in Maharashtra during the current financial year;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether any of such notice has been withdrawn by Dena Bank;

(d) if so, the details thereof and reasons of withdrawal therefor;

(e) whether any action has been taken by Reserve Bank of India in this regard;

(f) whether any of the withdrawn 'caution notice' of the bank belongs to Scheduled Caste entrepreneur;

(g) whether Government has fixed any responsibility of withdrawal of 'caution notice'; and

(h) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL): (a) and (b) Dena Bank has reported that they have issued demand/recall notices to defaulted borrowers for recovery of loans. In the State of Maharashtra, the bank had issued notices in 233 cases during the current financial year under Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Securities Interest Act, 2002 (SARFAESI Act).

(c) to (h) Dena Bank has informed that in one high value defaulted corporate borrowal account with total exposure of around Rs.160 crore from the banking system under consortium arrangement, based in Pune, a caution notice was issued to bankers in Pune as a measure to avoid double financing, prevent dilution of security and to safeguard the security interest of all the lending banks. The same was subsequently withdrawn at the specific request of one of the Directors of the defaulted